

## The Omaha Bee.

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THE BEE PUBLISHING CO., Props.  
E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

Meeting of the Republican State Central Committee.

The members of the Republican State Central Committee of Nebraska are hereby called to meet at the Commercial Hotel, in the city of Lincoln, on Thursday, the 6th day of July, 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of completing the organization of the committee, and transacting such other business as may properly come before the same.

The following are the members of the committee: 1st District, A. E. Gantt; 2d, John L. Carson; 3d, Jacob S. Dew; 4th, A. P. Gantt; 5th, L. B. Windham; 6th, C. E. York; 7th, Paul Vandervoort; 8th, John Steen; 9th, W. E. Peckler; 10th, S. B. Colson; 11th, J. A. Ehrhart; 12th, J. H. Feltner; 13th, W. D. Matthews; 14th, M. Whitmoyer; 15th, A. L. Hill; 16th, John Steen; 17th, T. L. Crawford; 18th, W. P. Scott; 19th, J. W. Frier; 20th, O. W. Baskley; 21st, Watson P. Ketchell; 22d, J. B. McDowell; 23d, S. W. Saiter; 24th, J. D. Hayes; 25th, A. W. Agee; 26th, O. R. Willard; 27th, Robert Kennedy; 28th, A. L. Wigton; 29th, R. B. O'Connell; 30th, G. S. Elberg; 31st, R. J. Wymen.

JAMES W. DAWES, Chairman.

CHIEF, Neb., June 12, 1882.

OMAHA answers Iowa with \$700 as a starter collected in a few hours from her merchants. Still there's more to follow.

In Nebraska, according to the railroad organs, every man is a demagogue who speaks and votes against the monopoly rule. The crop of demagogues in the state appears to be on the increase.

It looks as if Mother Shipton was a year out of her reckoning. Thunder and lightning, rain, hail, tornadoes and cyclones have been distributing themselves with great impartiality through the first six months of 1882.

In reply to the criticism of an eastern paper, that the west must revise its architecture in order to enable it to face the winds, the Kansas City Journal says that the western "dig out" is the only style of dwelling stands any show against an Iowa tornado.

CANADA has held its parliamentary elections with the result of a handsome endorsement of the present conservative, or Tory ministry. When it is remembered that Canadians have not yet gotten over sewing their postage stamps on letters, the conservatism of that province is not a matter for surprise.

THERE are no prospects of increased mail facilities for Omaha and the far west, but Chief Clerk Vandervoort has been elected commander in chief of the G. A. R. There is a very general impression that if Vandervoort blew off his bazoo less and attended strictly to one line of business, both the G. A. R. and the patrons of the postal service would be better satisfied.

SENATOR VAN WYCK's bill for the relief of settlers on the St. Joe & Western lands passed the senate without any changes to-day. This bill allows the railroad \$1.00 an acre for the lands, while the settlers remain undisturbed in possession of the homesteads they have spent years in improving. It has yet to pass the house, but that body will undoubtedly concur.

TRouble has broken out at the naval academy owing to the singular conduct of the new commandant, Captain Ramsey, who is complained of as a gruff sea salt, bringing with him to the cultured regions of the Annapolis barracks the ideas and manners of a practical seaman. Fault is found with Captain Ramsey because he is too rigid in his examinations and pays too little attention to etiquette. The naval academy was founded to maintain an excellent brass band and a thorough school for dancing. Captain Ramsey will start a social revolution if he continues to insist upon a knowledge of seamanship and gunnery as requisites for graduation.

GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS, the polished editor of *Harper's Weekly* occasionally grows savage, and never more so than when the subject under discussion is American politics, as witness the following: "But when I hear that America may soon experience because she is a law to herself, I remember that a few years ago a foreign observer came to the city of Washington and said 'I did not fully comprehend your greatness until I saw your congress.' Then I felt that if you could stand that, you could stand anything, and I understood the saying that God takes care of children, drunken men, and the United States." The passage is from an address pronounced at Brown university on Tuesday.

### WHY THEY HOWL.

The policy of the alliance to use as far as possible existing party organizations in furthering anti-monopoly sentiment, and in electing anti-monopoly candidates, is received with great favor by a large majority of the state press. Secretary Burroughs' circular has fallen like a bombshell in the railroad camp, and the howls of the monopoly organs show plainly that the plan proposed by the alliance is likely to prove far more effective than even its projectors imagined. When the enemy objects to the manner in which a campaign is mapped out the opposing generals may be fairly sure that their judgments have not deceived them. And the surest indication that the policy proposed by the Alliance is likely to meet the emergency for which it was created is the hypocritical raptures which it has called out from the most notorious of the editorial cappers of the monopolies.

More than a year ago THE BEE insisted that the railroad managers could only be beaten by turning against them their own political weapons, and that the same methods which have secured a monopoly state government and legislature, insofar as those methods have not been tainted by corrupt intrigue, would if pressed by the producers succeed in wresting our state from the hands of the monopolies. The policy adopted by the alliance proposed in the first place a general participation in politics by Nebraska farmers. The anti-monopoly vote of this state is in a heavy majority. It has not made itself felt in proportion to its strength because the full strength has never been called out. One of the primal objects of the Farmers' Alliance is to present the issues of the hour to those most interested in their discussion, and to impress upon the voters of the state the necessity of taking an active part in politics. As Republicans and Democrats the farmers in this state have the royal right to take part in the party primaries and conventions, to control those organizations, and by infusing a majority sentiment of anti-monopoly into the platform to bind candidates to the record of the conventions. Controlling the conventions, the producers will also control the nomination of candidates pledged to support their interests and selected on the grounds of reputation and character. On this ground the advice to members of the alliance to use the party machinery wherever possible is timely and judicious. The attempt at reform within the party should always precede revolt against party authority. But when intrigue and corruption are too strongly entrenched, open revolt is the only remaining resource. This is the position taken by the alliance, and it cannot be overthrown. Parties are simply vehicles for the expression of political sentiment. When they are diverted to maintain corruption and to defeat the will of the majority, their dictates are no longer binding on their members.

THE PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION.

Senator Hoar's bill providing for the performance of the duties of the presidential office in case of the removal, death, resignation or disability both of the president and vice president is the outgrowth of the very general discussion of the subject which followed the death of President Garfield. The bill names successively the secretaries of state, treasury and war, then the attorney general, and after him the secretaries of the navy and of the interior as the persons who in the order named may discharge the duties of president under the contingency that the places above them are vacant. This order of succession was chosen in the order of the original creation of the offices of members of the cabinet. Neither the secretary of the navy nor the postmaster general held cabinet positions under General Washington, while the attorney general was a member of the cabinet from the earliest period and was only placed at the bottom of the list when the department of justice was created. The bill devised by Mr. Hoar seems more fully to meet every demand than any other measure proposed. It proposes in its provisions a two-fold advantage. It insures the life of the president and protects that of any officer competent to succeed him. Partisan malice or party rancor is powerless before it. The removal of a president and vice president would not change the policy of the government, as the officers of a cabinet are of the president's own choosing. Should the president be removed there would still be seven persons capable of succeeding him, and if both president and vice president should be taken away through any cause, there will be still six persons to administer the government, each following in case of the removal by death, resignation or vacancy in the office of the person above him. Another excellent provision of the bill is that making the tenure of office of the cabinet officer called to discharge the duties of president, terminable only with the end of the term, for which the president, whose place shall have been made vacant, shall have been elected. The bill leaves

the president of the senate and the speaker of the house out of the order of succession, thus ensuring to the party carrying a presidential election the full administration of the government the term of years for which its candidates were elected.

### MORE ABOUT TORNADES

Another series of tornadoes has done devastating work in Iowa, and yesterday's storm in our city fell very little short of reaching the proportions of a genuine hurricane. The wind attained a velocity of nearly seventy miles an hour, and broken trees, shattered blinds and demolished out buildings are witnesses to the force of the storm. Some of the eastern papers are moralizing over the great prevalence of violent wind storms in the west, as if the west were the only portion of the country visited by these phenomena of nature. An official report published by General Hazen the chief signal officer relative to last year's tornadoes shows that this class of storms distributed themselves very impartially through the United States some of the most violent east of the Mississippi river. In the list of tornadoes occurring last year, Kansas is put down for 52; Illinois, 54; Missouri, 43; New York, 35; Georgia, 83; Iowa, 31; Ohio, 28; Indiana, 28; and so on through twenty states in which they were observed. This season tornadoes have occurred in twelve states, one of the severest of which took place in Pennsylvania.

General Hazen's statistics indicate that these violent wind storms are of periodic occurrence and are more likely to take place in June than in any other month, owing to certain peculiarities in the nature and force of the various air currents. All meteorologists are agreed as to the cause of tornadoes, which lies in the meeting of two opposing currents of air generally of different temperature. It is noted that tornadoes are more frequent in April, May and September than in July and August, the temperature being more constant in the latter months.

The tornadoes of the present year have been more violent than those of any year preceding and the loss of life and property correspondingly greater. Michigan, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri and Kansas have experienced two series of these disastrous storms. Nebraska appears to lie just off the tornado belt, for which her citizens have every reason to congratulate themselves.

The campaign in California has narrowed down into a square contest between the railroads and the people. General Rosecrans, who represents one of the California districts in congress, has taken the initiative for a renomination by introducing several bills for the relief of the Pacific coast from the grinding exactions of the Central Pacific monopoly. The California democracy have nominated General Stoneman for governor, which is a most emphatic response to the anti-monopoly sentiment. General Stoneman is now one of the railroad commissioners and the only California commissioner who has stood firmly by his pledges to the people who elected him, against the discriminations and highway robberies of the Central Pacific corporation. The Republicans have a very narrow margin in California and a renomination of Governor Perkins, who is in active collusion with the monopolies, will be very risky. Governor Perkins was elected two years ago by a plurality, the opposition being divided between Glenn, the democratic candidate, and White, the candidate nominated by the Kenneyites. It was openly charged at the time that White was put up to divide the anti-monopoly vote, and the result makes a repetition improbable. The Republicans of California will either have to nominate an out and out anti-monopoly ticket or they are sure to lose the state.

STATE JOTTINGS.

A case of small pox is reported at Kearney.

Furness county warrants are worth 95 cents.

A juvenile band is to be organized at Hastings.

Waterloo had a \$3,500 fire on the night of the 15th.

Endicott wants somebody to start a brickyard there.

A bank has been started at Nelson, Nuckolls county.

Plattsmouth doesn't allow its kine to wear the molasses belt.

The whole of Butler county will probably go to Uyegies to celebrate.

A four run steam mill will be built and started up in David City immediately.

A telephone exchange will be established right away in North and South Auburn.

One hundred and fifty families have located in Pierce county since June 1st.

A grand domestic ball was given at the new court house at Orleans on the 15th.

Officers will be appointed to prevent the small and big boys of Blair from setting off fire crackers the 4th of July celebration.

The Blue Springs people accuse Captain Murdock of stealing their cannon and advices in the Moor requesting its return in time for the 4th of July salute.

An enterprising young man of Fairfield sent out for a set of boxing gloves, and now the boys amuse themselves by driving the claret from each other's bugles.

The Grand Island Times does a case of gross immorality on the part of a boy and girl, neither over 12 years old, in that city, and advises a general looking after.

A fine pair of horses was stolen from Lewis Thomas, of Richmond, on the 13th. A posse started out to hang the thief, but at last accounts the thief had not been captured.

The Dodge county treasurer's safe was

opened by drilling a hole in the rear and reaching the door with a wire. One of the tumbler had broken, thus causing all the trouble.

Willie Pearson, son of Ira Pearson, of Wells City, aged 19 years, was drowned while bathing in the lake near Steele City on the 20th. His body was not recovered until Thursday morning.

S. T. Hedges, of Wilber, was drowned in the Blue on the 17th. He went bathing with two other young men, one of whom could swim, and getting strangled, got beyond his depth and went down.

Last Thursday Henry Panrats turned a fine horse, valued at \$150, out to pasture. As the horse was disposed, the idea that he was "homeless," as he called it, he became entangled and cut his throat, and died in a few minutes.—York Times.

Henry Hildebrand, of Okeola, a farmer, aged about 40, suspended on the 18th by hanging. He recently sold his farm, and after the transfer became dispirited, and as he was a religious man, the idea that he was "homeless," as he called it, he prayed upon his mind, with fatal result.

At Albi in last week a horse balked and the driver fastened a rope about its under jaw, and as the horse was disposed, the idea that he was "homeless," as he called it, he became entangled and cut his throat, and died in a few minutes.—York Times.

Some two months ago charges were preferred against County Surveyor Minkler, of Gage county, for maladministration of office. The charges were the moving of government corner stones. The trial came before the county commissioners and was represented by able lawyers on both sides. Last week the decision was rendered sustaining the charges, and Minkler was ousted.

Sheriff Herron has offered a reward for one Enoch Bradshaw, who is now proven to be the brother of Henry Van Ness, who was found dead east of town about four years ago. The claim of evidence against Bradshaw is complete, and although the motive will probably yet be done to the murdered man and society in general.—Beatrice Express.

Fred Roper caught a large turtle the other day that proves to be an old red-tail. The turtle was quite fat and had a H. on the appearance of having been carved in his shell a long time ago. The theory is that some little boy did the deed about eight years ago, and that Mr. Turtle has kept up with civilization, so far from the life of that eastern aristocracy.—Huron Journal.

One day last week a five year old boy named Henry, of Nebraska, was accidentally shot in the face and died from the effects in five hours. It is not known just how the accident occurred, but two boys who were present say that young Henry was playing with the gun, but as they were all small it will probably never remain a mystery how the piece was discharged.—Tenn. Journal.

Last Friday afternoon a scaffold at the east end of the mill, upon which Samuel Boast and Raymond Turner, two painters, were at work, fell with them to the ground from a height of about fifty feet. Almost incredible as it may seem, the men were not killed. Doctors were summoned and found that no bones were broken. I was feared that serious internal injuries had been inflicted by the men, but such has not proved to be the case.—Humboldt Sentinel.

"Many silly people despise the precious, not understanding it." But no one despises Kidney-Wort after having given it a trial. Those that have used it agree that it is by far the best medicine known. Its action is prompt, thorough and lasting. Don't take pills and other mercurials that poison the system, but by using Kidney-Wort, restore the natural action of all the organs.

A Credit to the Commonwealth.

YORK TIMES.

THE OMAHA BEE has entered upon its twelfth year, and is one of the newest and best family papers published in the west. It is truly metropolitan in size and matter, and a credit to our growing commonwealth.

TELEGRAPH NOTES.

National Associated Press.

James Stewart, Jr., a prominent New Yorker, aged 35, died of heart disease at Newport, Saturday evening, as he was leaving for New York with his wife and children.

Reports show that the wheat crop nearly harvested in Missouri and Iowa is the best since 1878. The corn is now promising.

Geo. W. Titts, a millionaire of Buffalo, formerly president of the New York, Buffalo & Erie road, died Saturday morning, aged 77.

The thermometer registered 102° in the shade in Chicago Saturday. Several sun-strokes occurred.

Senior predicts for July: Weather generally hot throughout the month, with any experienced during June.

Saturday's tidal wave on Lake Erie extended along the shore at Cleveland July 25 miles.

E. Radley, master mechanic of the Marietta railroad, dropped dead at sunset Saturday, at Chillicothe, O.

Jos. Sullivan, a well known microscopist and authority on mosses, died at Columbus, O., yesterday morning, aged 73.

Archbishop Purcell participated in the consecration of St. John, at the Brown county (O.) convent, Saturday. His health is a little better than heretofore.

The schooner F. B. Gardner, the first large vessel through the Erie and Welland canal, arrived at Oswego, N. Y., Sunday, with 30,000 bushels of corn.

Marino.

National Associated Press.

New York, June 24.—Sailed—Germanic for Liverpool, Spain for Liverpool, Persian Monarch for London, Ethiopia for Glasgow, Werder for Bremen.

GLASGOW, June 24.—Arrived—Scandinavian from Boston.

HAYRE, June 24.—Sailed—Harder for New York.

QUEENSTOWN, June 24.—Arrived—Adriatic from New York.

New York, June 24.—Arrived—City of Rome from Liverpool, Neokar from Bremen, Republic from Liverpool, Steamer D. Steinman from Antwerp, reported disabled off Fire Island, was towed in by the Republic.

Mexican Elections.

National Associated Press.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 25.—Elections for members of the next congress took place yesterday and from the meager returns received from different parties throughout the country the indications are that the government party will triumph everywhere, as there was little or no opposition to their candidates.

Woman's True Friend.

A friend in need is a friend indeed. This none can deny, especially when the sufferer is one who is sorely afflicted with disease, more particularly those common complaints and weaknesses as common to our delicate population, women should know that Electric Bitters are woman's true friend, and will positively restore her to health, even when all other remedies fail. A single bottle will prove our assertion. They are pleasant to the taste and only cost fifty cents a bottle. Sold by C. F. Goodman.

### PREPARE TO WEEP.

Sentimentalists Given a Chance to Shed their Surplus Brine.

Guiteau Shows Himself as Sane a Villain as Ever Stretched Hemp.

He Still Proclaims His Leadership of the Chosen Going Aloft.

And Prayerfully Pounds the Bible to Make Sure of the Right Road.

Choirs of Fallen Angels Hovering Near to Fan Him on the Wing.

Criminal Points From Other Places.

National Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The news concerning the reprieve was made by Brewster. He caused it to be understood he would see members of the press at 11 a. m., and then simply said that the request of a reprieve in the Guiteau case is refused. No other statement will be made.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—It is understood the cabinet decision was unanimous. The reason for not giving out the decision last night was that the president did not want to be further annoyed by cranky requests, and the announcement was delayed until he left this morning. The cabinet had two meetings on the subject, and was unanimous against the reprieve from the first. They decided to hold a second special meeting last evening, when they were again unanimous. Reed called on Brewster to announce the decision.

Brewster told him that the cabinet decision was based on the fact that the trial had been extremely fair, toward Guiteau, and there was no possible reason for delaying the execution. Hicks, Guiteau's spiritual adviser, took him word.

Guiteau's mail is growing larger every day with requests for photographs, etc.

A huge spike, with skull and crossbones engraved on the head, was received to-day with the inscription: "To be used as the last nail in Guiteau's coffin."

DOWN IN THE SOUTH.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Guiteau has been in a depressed condition of mind since the departure of Mr. Hicks, his spiritual adviser. He now evidently realizes that his last hope is gone, and the efforts in his behalf, which his relatives, it is understood, propose to make next week, will be fruitless.

After the shock, caused by the result of the cabinet meeting, passed away, he talked quite cheerfully to Mr. Hicks. He expressed some feeling because the president had referred the question of his respite to the attorney general, saying that the president should have taken the whole responsibility upon himself. He, the prisoner, had not appealed to the law, but the president, and as his act had made Arthur president it was

THE DEATH OF THE PRESIDENT.

to respite him until his case could be heard in the supreme court. He then asserted he was God's man, and in God's hands. He asked Hicks to tell him that he was hanged, saying he was ready to die for his inspiration, and felt that God would justify him in the other world. He had no personal interest in the matter, but he felt for the nation, who would suffer for his being hanged, and he was fully expected to be hanged. He said he was

PREPARED TO GO.

and would be as willing to hang to-day as to wait until Friday. Mr. Strong, one of the jail officials, this afternoon prepared the rope for Guiteau's execution. It is an inch manilla rope, and was used in the execution of Babe Bedford, on the same gallows, some years ago.

HOW HE SPENT THE SABBATH.

Guiteau passed the day quietly with apparently undisturbed composure. He arose at seven, took a bath, breakfasted on prison fare, ate with a relish, and was not inclined to talk. Warden Crocker says he has been more reticent ever since the adverse decision of the cabinet. He paced the cell reading the bible, saw no one throughout the day but Rev. Hicks at three o'clock Hicks now believes him sane. The telegraph companies are running a wire into the jail. A strong guard is maintained. Guiteau renounced all hope.

Dr. Hicks was favorably impressed with Guiteau's sincerity in entering heartily into religious devotions. The warden says his demeanor is that of a greatly disappointed man holding up under great mental excitement. He does not apprehend that he will break down on the scaffold, nor does he anticipate he will play the part of a braggart. The gallows will be in full view after the fall.

John W. Guiteau is in the city, but did not call as Dr. Hicks thought he might distract his brother's attention from his religious books, such as the bible and Dr. Hammond's "Blood of Christ" and "Easy Lead to Salvation."

SISTER SOUVILLE.

CLEVELAND, June 25.—Mrs. Scoville is still here endeavoring to induce Mrs. Garfield to use her influence in securing a reprieve for Guiteau, but she has not yet succeeded in obtaining an interview.

CRIMINAL NEWS.

National Associated Press.

A LIFE JOB.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Thomas Cahill, who murdered Officer O'Brien in August last, was found guilty and has been sentenced to imprisonment for life.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

SCRANTON, Pa., June 25.—Louis Lowery has been arrested for the murder of a young man named White.

STOLEN BONDS.

COLUMBUS, O., June 25.—In 1879 Rickley's bank was robbed of \$26,000

in bonds. A year ago the bonds were sent here from New York for collection. After months of negotiating, the owners have obtained one-half of the bonds and a clue to the robbers.

A LOST PREACHER.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Rev. D. M. D. Hughes, lost preacher of the Asbury M. E. church, Westfield, N. J., who was reported to have committed suicide by jumping off the Camden ferry boat August 30, 1880, has been solved. Recently a friend of DeHughes received a letter from him from Waynesville, O., where he is following to the west by Alice Watkins, who left Camden after DeHughes disappeared and has not been heard from since.

SENTENCED TO HANG.

PALESTINE, Texas, June 24.—Chen Thomas was sentenced to hang August 11th for murder.

STRIKING OIL.

A Million Pounds of Butter Greasing the Gattlers of Gotham.

The Freight Handlers Strike Disastrous to Perishable Property.

THE FREIGHT HANDLERS' STRIKE.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Transportation companies intend to hold out until July first, when the rates will be greatly raised. Merchants are discussing plans for securing damages. One million pounds of butter are running away in oil in the streets adjacent to the tracks.

Transportation companies charge the strikers with intended incendiarism. The charge is indignantly denied by the strikers. The board of trade passed resolutions sustaining the strikers. Leaves of absence have been refused to policemen until the strike is over. Five hundred strikers in procession in Jersey City yesterday morning induced engineers on freight trains to quit work, causing a complete blockade. Eight miles of cars are now blockaded west of Jersey City, many containing perishable freight. Heavy suits are being instituted against transportation companies.

EVENSING ALLEQUIET. A large force of police are on guard in Jersey City, but no disturbance was attempted. An intense feeling of indignation is growing among business men in consequence of the ruinous delay of freight, and shippers in other states are sustaining large losses.

BOYCOTTING A NEWSPAPER.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 25.—Some time ago the grand lodge of Knights of Labor, on report of its statisticians, ordered its lodges throughout the country to boycott all grocers selling a certain brand of starch, where the manufacturers had trouble with their workmen. Last week The Labor World, organ of the Knights of Labor, this state, published an article supporting the manufacturers. Last night, after four hours sitting, the Trade and Labor council, representing 20,000 trade unionists, resolved to boycott The Labor World for publishing the article in question.

THE IRON MEN.

CLEVELAND, June 25.—The situation among striking iron workers remains unchanged. President Jarrett is here and advises strikers to stand firm.

THE BOILER MAKERS.

CINCINNATI, June 25.—The boiler makers' strike continues, but a compromise the coming week is probable.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

THE TARIFF COMMISSION.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The tariff commission will meet here July 6th to organize.

POLITICAL ASSESSMENTS.

Assistant Postmaster General Hutton, in reply to an inquiry from the postoffice employees at Indianapolis, regarding the payment of political assessments, writes he does not consider it any part of his duty to dictate to others what they shall do with their private funds and thinks the question is entirely optional with all employees.

HUBBELL'S CHALLENGE.

Everett P. Wheeler and Frederick W. Wittridge, representing the Civil Service Reform association of New York, in reply to Congressman Hubbell, say they are willing to make a test of any case selected by Hubbell where political assessments have been made.

THE BODIES OF EXPLORERS.

Lieut. Daneshower requested Secretary Chandler